

St Bernadette's Catholic Primary School



Music skills Progression document

The National Curriculum for primary music (2014) aims to ensure that all pupils:

- perform, listen to, review and evaluate music across a range of historical periods, genres, styles and traditions, including the works of the great composers and musicians
- learn to sing and to use their voices, to create and compose music on their own and with others, have the opportunity to learn a musical instrument, use technology appropriately and have the opportunity to progress to the next level of musical excellence
- understand and explore how music is created, produced and communicated, including through the inter-related dimensions: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and appropriate musical notations.

Strand		Early Years Foundation Stage	Key Stage 1	Lower KS2	Upper KS2
Singing		Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.	use their voices expressively and creatively by singing songs and speaking chants and rhymes		e contexts, using their voices and playing ccuracy, fluency, control and expression
Performing - Si	Vocal Expression / Effects	Sing louder and more quietly discussing the effect this has.	Use their voices confidently to create sound effects Explore different types of voices Sing songs in different ways and discuss the effect	Use voices to create and control sounds (including tempo/speed-dynamics/volume and pitch)	Sing songs in unison and two parts Maintain their own part when singing songs written in two parts Sing songs written in different metres - tap the pulse on the strong beats

	Chants and Rhymes	Join in with nursery rhymes and songs.	Chant words expressively using known songs and rhymes Chant and clap in time with a steady pulse	Keep in time with a steady pulse when chanting, singing or moving. Be aware of correct posture whilst singing/playing Play singing games and clapping games Sing/perform rhythmically straightforward parts (i.e. minims, crotchets, quavers in simple common meter)	Sing songs in unison and two parts Maintain their own part when singing songs written in two parts Sing songs written in different metres - tap the pulse on the strong beats
Performing - Singing	Pitching	Listen to chime bars, glockenspiels etc and recognise when sounds are higher or lower.	Listen to notes G - E played on chime bars. Use the tune found in playground songs e.g. 'I'm the King of the Castle', to find their singing voice and match pitches Slide the voice upwards in pitch to a high voice and downwards in pitch to a low voice Follow the shape of the melody when singing songs. (Use hand/arm to gesture)	Sing in tune in a group and alone Sing using a limited range of notes (i.e. middle C to D octave above)	Sing with control of pitch

	Sing a variety of songs in time to a pulse. Clap the pulse.	Sing songs while maintaining a steady beat:	Sing words/phrases of a song in their heads	Sing/play with increased control, expression, fluency
	to a puise. Ciap trie puise.	tapping/walking	(thinking voice)	and confidence
	Begin to build a repertoire of	Sing songs at different speeds	Sing with expression	Sing with clear diction, a sense of
	songs.	Sing the same song in different ways: loud, quiet;	Sing/play appropriate material confidently and	phrase and musical expression
		fast, slow, and in various moods	fluently	Control breathing, posture and sound
		Use the 'thinking voice' - ie sing the	Make improvements to singing -	projection.
		words in their	rehearse together	Breathe in agreed places to identify
<u> </u>		head	to achieve objectives	phrases.
Singing		Play singing games in which children	Use graphic notation to illustrate the	Recognise structures in known songs
Ë		sing phrases	shape and	(identify
Ø		alone	formation of melodies	repeated phrases)
		Sing songs expressively increasingly		Sing a round in two parts - identify the
		in tune within		melodic
		a limited pitch		phrases and how they fit together
		Recognise phrase lengths and know		Use graphic/traditional/other notation to
		when to		develop a
		breathe with an attention to posture		deeper understanding of shape/form of
		Use movements to show phrases		melodies
		Perform each phrase in a different		
		way		

		Early Years Foundation Stage	Key Stage 1	Lower KS2	Upper KS2
Strand		Foundation Stage			
			play tuned and un-tuned instruments musically		insemble contexts, using their voices and ith increasing accuracy, fluency, control
	Identify Instruments / Sound Effects	Begin to create sound effects to accompany a story using instruments or body percussion eg. clapping.	Describe, name and group a variety of instruments Play instruments or use body percussion in different ways to create sound effects and follow directions to 'perform' a story together	Create and control sounds on instruments (including tempo/speed-dynamics/volume and pitch) Select instruments and create sounds to describe visual images	
Performing - Playing	Control	Begin to mark the pulse of a song with stamps/claps. With support, chant / sing, clap the rhythm of the song; transfer the rhythm onto an un-tuned instrument; use it to accompany the chanting Begin to count with a steady pulse	Handle and play a variety of tuned and un-tuned instruments with control Sing a song they know well - one group taps the pulse on their thighs the other group taps the rhythm with two fingers on the palm of their hands Add an instrument to play on the beat and one to play with the rhythm The children mark the pulse of a song with stamps/claps Chant/sing, clap the rhythm of the song; transfer the rhythm onto an untuned instrument; use it to accompany the chanting Count with a steady pulse Contribute ideas and control sounds as part of a class composition or performance.	Keep in time with a steady pulse when playing instruments Perform a repeated pattern to a steady pulse Maintain own part with awareness of how the different parts fit together to achieve an overall effect	Play instruments with control and rhythmic accuracy Perform a particular cyclic pattern i.e. rhythmic phrase structured, layered and repeated. SAMBA, STREET BAND or AFRICAN DRUMMING Perform a round confidently using voices and instruments. Be aware of other parts when playing an independent part Play simple chords in sequence Demonstrate awareness of own contribution - leading others, taking a solo part and/or providing rhythmic support/accompaniment Subdivide the pulse keeping to a steady beat. e.g. count in 4s - one part plays every beat (crotchets) another part plays every 2 beats (minims) holding each for 2 counts; another part plays every 4 beats (semi-breve) holding for 4 full beats

		Begin to follow a conductor	Follow a conductor and be the	Play new pieces by ear and from	Perform significant parts from memory
		and be the conductor	conductor themselves, responding to	simple notations	and from notations
		themselves, responding to a	a range of gestures for: start/stop,		
		range of gestures for:	slow/fast, loud/quiet		
		start/stop, slow/fast, loud/quiet	Make a picture label for each group		
			of instruments		
			Play together, using symbols as a		
			support Talk about and devise		
	Ë		signs/gestures/symbols for the		
	atic		concepts: high/low, fast/slow,		
	Notation		long/short.		
g	Z		Make two flash cards, one for long		
Playing			and one for short sounds		
<u>a</u>			Perform long and short sounds in		
<u>.</u>			response to symbols		
ත			Play and sing phrases from dot		
Ë			notation using 'pitch cards' -		
E			High/Middle/Low -		
Įo į			Interpret the pattern on the card e.g.		
Performing		Listen to music and songs and	H-H-L or L-M-H or H-L-H Evaluate own music and that of	Suggest and make improvements to	Rehearse with others and help achieve
а.		Listen to music and songs and begin to say whether they	others	Suggest and make improvements to work and that of others, commenting	a high quality performance showing an
		liked it or not, giving a simple	Discuss what was good	on the intended effect and how to	awareness of the audience
		reason why.	Suggest how it might be improved	achieve it	Refine and improve their own and
	<u>5</u>	i sassii miyi		Contribute to a class performance	others' work in relation to the intended
	i ii	Listen and say how a piece of		Rehearse together to achieve	effect
	Ina	music makes them feel.		objectives	Perform with awareness of audience,
	Evaluating			Suggest Ideas and preparations for	venue and occasion
		Begin to recognise music for		performances	
		different purposes, eg lullaby,			
		dance music, fanfare.			

		Early Years Foundation Stage	Key Stage 1	Lower KS2	Upper KS2
Strand					
			experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the inter- related dimensions of music	related dimensions of music	for a range of purposes using the inter-
Improvising and Experimenting	Explore and Make Sounds	Explore the sounds of different instruments.	Explore different sounds using body percussion Make various sound effects to describe selected/thematic words Suggest which instruments would make a particular sound Select sounds and sound sources carefully in response to a story suggest what sounds could be added to depict ideas Make own short sequence of sounds using symbols as a support Make sounds and recognise how they can communicate ideas Create and choose sounds in response to stimulus e.g. night-time, the seaside etc. Suggest instruments that make sounds like those described by the selected words and create sound pictures Children order sounds in response to the stimulus and make their own short sequence of sounds using symbols as a support Create a sound story	Recognise and explore the ways sounds can be combined and used expressively Identify how songs are structured and accompanied Express song meanings/lyrics using voices or instruments Identify and control different ways instruments make sounds	Develop musical imagination through experimenting, improvising and adapting sounds Explore different textures of un-tuned sounds Explore the relationship between sounds Explore different combinations of vocal sounds

ig and Experim	Explore how sounds can be changed by playing instruments in different ways.	Identify how sounds can be changed e.g. grip triangle to 'stop it from vibrating well and release it to enable a full, vibrating sound Identify the pulse and explore getting faster and slower Experiment with different timbres (sound qualities) Explore the concepts: loud/quiet, high/low, fast/slow Explore the effect of silence Experiment and change sounds Make instruction flash cards showing selected words or symbols and hold up to play from to help children remember the different sections of a composition Experiment to improve the intended effect Give the composition a title	Explore repeated patterns in music/art/dance Create repeated patterns and combine several layers of sound with awareness of the combined effect	Devise more complex rhythmic patterns using semi-quavers and rests Improvise rhythmic patterns over a steady pulse with confidence Fit different rhythmic patterns together and maintain own part with awareness of the pulse
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		Early Years Foundation Stage	Key Stage 1	Lower KS2	Upper KS2
Strand					
			experiment with, create, select and combine sounds using the interrelated dimensions of music	related dimensions of music	for a range of purposes using the inter-
Improvising and Experimenting	Explore and Make Sounds	Improvising music patterns with musical instruments inside and outside of the classroom. Use of materials and environment to create rhythm and sounds.	Explore different sounds using body percussion Make various sound effects to describe selected/thematic words Suggest which instruments would make a particular sound Select sounds and sound sources carefully in response to a story suggest what sounds could be added to depict ideas Make own short sequence of sounds using symbols as a support Make sounds and recognise how they can communicate ideas Create and choose sounds in response to stimulus e.g. night-time, the seaside etc. Suggest instruments that make sounds like those described by the selected words and create sound pictures Children order sounds in response to the stimulus and make their own short sequence of sounds using symbols as a support Create a sound story	Recognise and explore the ways sounds can be combined and used expressively Identify how songs are structured and accompanied Express song meanings/lyrics using voices or instruments Identify and control different ways instruments make sounds	Develop musical imagination through experimenting, improvising and adapting sounds Explore different textures of un-tuned sounds Explore the relationship between sounds Explore different combinations of vocal sounds

Improvising and Experimenting	Create Rhythms and Melodies	Creating movement in response to music and to express feelings. Sing some familiar songs and make up simple melodies to fit.	Begin to internalise and create rhythmic patterns Use words/phrases (these could be from songs days of week/months of year) - tap them out Make up simple dance patterns – keeping in time with the pulse and including rhythms Use voices to provide sound effects Create long and short sounds on instruments. Find and play by ear, phrases of well-known songs on tuned instruments Make up three-note tunes independently Record their own tunes - use colours instead of note names Create songs of their own using high-middle-low pitches	Improvise - devise melodic phrases – using pentatonic scales (limited range of notes: DEGAB or CDEGA)	Recognise combinations of pitched sounds - concords and discords Identify and play CM diatonic Chords C-F-G-Am-Dm Improvise - developing rhythmic and melodic material within given structures - when performing
ul	Electronic			Use ICT/electronic devices, (microphones and recording equipment) to change and manipulate sounds	Use ICT / electronic devices, (microphones and recording equipment) to change and manipulate sounds

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Strand				
Composing	Compose and improvise patterns using clapping and body percussion. Improvising music patterns with musical instruments inside and outside of the classroom.	Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to music and video stimulus. Use graphic symbols, dot notation and stick notation, as appropriate, to keep a record of composed pieces. Create a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments. Create and perform your own rhythm patterns with stick notation, including crotchets, quavers and minims. Create a simple melody creating crotchets and minims.	dimension of music	ecall sounds with increasing aural memory er musical notations Create textures by combining sounds Compose music to describe images Create music that describes two contrasting moods Internalise sounds, then select, combine and exploit a range of different sounds to compose a sound-scape stimulated by a topic Develop more complex rhythmic ideas Devise rhythmic, melodic and harmonic accompaniments Apply knowledge and understanding of how the combined musical elements of pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture and silence can be organised within musical structures/forms and used to communicate different moods and effects Compose music for different occasions using appropriate musical features and devices (melody, rhythms, chords and structures) Use standard and additional methods of notation as appropriate across a range of different contexts. Be aware of some of the basic major scales Play from pitched notation (read music) Show understanding of how music is produced in different ways and described
				through relevant established and invented notations

Strand		Early Years Foundation Stage	Key Stage 1	Lower KS2	Upper KS2
5)			listen with concentration and understanding to a range of high quality live and recorded music	appreciate and understand a wide rang different traditions and from great comp	posers and musicians
Listening, Developing Knowledge and Understanding	Listening	Listen to different style of music and begin to acknowledge and recognise tempo and mood of music. Repeat and rehearse simple melodies. Respond imaginatively to music eg. It sounds like thunder/monsters.	Listen to short excerpts of music from a variety of styles, genres and traditions Identify a variety of instruments that can be heard and describe sounds Identify the pulse in different pieces of music Tap knees in time with 'steady beat' music Listen to different sounds in the environment Recall short sequences / patterns of sounds Sing a familiar song, identify then tap the rhythm of the words Sing back melodic phrases from known songs Listen to pieces of music that describe e.g. The Sea/Fireworks etc Describe different images created by music Identify features e.g. Loud/quiet, fast/slow, high/low,pulse, rhythm, sound effects Listen to a selection of music that has long (oftenslow) and short (often fast) sounds Recognise long and short sounds and make longer and shorter sounds with their voices	Listen with attention to detail and internalize and recall sounds with increasing aural memory Learn new songs quickly; sing from memory Identify rhythmic patterns, instruments and repetitions of sound/pattern Internalise short melodies and play these on pitched instruments (play by ear) Analyse and compare different sound qualities (TIMBRES) instrumental, vocal, environmental/natural, synthesised Explain how sounds can create different intended effects Recognise how the different musical elements are combined and used expressively	Identify musical features (scale, arpeggio, canon, drone, dynamics, ostinato, timbre) Analyse and comment on the effectiveness of how sounds, images and lyrics are used to create different moods Recognise different tempi – speeds of music Identify different meters – grouping of the beat – counting and feeling the pulse on the strong beat Describe the effect of different combinations of pitched notes using the terms tense-discord, relaxed-concord Appraise own work by comparing/contrasting with work of others Improve performance through listening, internalising and analysing

Knowledge and Understanding

Copy and begin to create a short rhythmic pattern (eg. clapping)

Move in time to music with enjoyment and developing confidence.

Begin to express thoughts and feelings about music give simple justifications of reasons for response.

Recall and perform rhythmic patterns to a steady pulse Use instruments to copy back 4-beat rhythm patterns Introduce the Xylophone or metallophone Play 'High-middle-low': prepare two chime bars an octave apart. Introduce the middle note, G Illustrate stories or nursery rhymes by playing up or down the notes at appropriate moments Use movement and dance to reinforce the enjoyment of music and the sense of pulse Respond to long and short sounds through movement - match actions to long and short sounds Talk about high and low sounds in the environment and everyday life and imitate them with voices Use hand position to reinforce high, middle. low Sing back melodic phrases from known songs Express thoughts and feelings about

music and respond physically through simple demonstration, language, movement and other art forms, giving simple justifications of

reasons for response

Identify descriptive features in art and music

Explore and explain their own ideas and feelings about music using movement, dance, expressive language and musical vocabulary Evaluate how venue, occasion and purpose affects the way music is created performed and heard Describe, compare and evaluate different kinds of music using an appropriate musical vocabulary Develop an understanding of a wide range of live and recorded music from different styles, genres and traditions from a variety of composers and musicians

Listen with concentration and some engagement to longer pieces of instrumental and vocal music Explore and explain their own ideas and feelings about music using movement, dance, expressive language and musical vocabulary Identify how music reflects different intentions

Identify how music reflects time and place

Show knowledge and understanding of how time and place can influence the way music is created, performed and heard.

Identify and explore musical device Describe, compare and evaluate different kinds of music using an appropriate musical vocabulary e.g. pitch, tempo. timbre, lyrics Develop a broad understanding of a wide range of live and recorded music from different styles, genres and traditions from a variety of composers and musicians